## The basics of spherical astronomy and astrometry - course description

### General information

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Course name	The basics of spherical astronomy and astrometry
Course ID	13.7-WF-FizP-BSAA-S17
Faculty	Faculty of Physics and Astronomy
Field of study	Physics
Education profile	academic
Level of studies	First-cycle studies leading to Bachelor's degree
Beginning semester	winter term 2019/2020

Course information	
Semester	3
ECTS credits to win	6
Available in specialities	Astrofizyka komputerowa
Course type	obligatory
Teaching language	english
Author of syllabus •	dr hab. Wojciech Lewandowski, prof. UZ

#### **Classes** forms

The class form	Hours per semester (full-time)	Hours per week (full-time)	Hours per semester (part-time)	Hours per week (part-time)	Form of assignment
Lecture	30	2	-	-	Exam
Class	30	2	-	-	Credit with grade

#### Aim of the course

Introduction to spherical triginometry, spherical astronomy and astrometry. Presentation of the Earth's atmosphere influence on the astronomical observations.

#### Prerequisites

The knowledge of planar trigonometry. Basic knowledge about the solar system mechanics and the stellar physics

#### Scope

Astronomical metrods of describing the motions on the celestial sphere - teh Sun, the Moon, planets and asteroids, Astronomical coordinate systems. Time in astronomy. The influence of earth's atmosphere on astronomical observations. The aberration of light and heliocentric paralax. Proper motions of celestial objects. Motions of planets and asteroids on the celestial sphere.

#### Teaching methods

Classic lecture and computational exercises during class

#### Learning outcomes and methods of theirs verification

Outcome description	Outcome symbols	Methods of verification	The class form
Student has basic knowledge about the spherical trigonometry. He is able to describe the motions of	• K1A_W01	• an exam - oral,	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> </ul>
astronomical objects on the celestial sphere. He can define ad characterize the coordinate systems used	• K1A_W03	descriptive, test	
in astronomy. He can name and describe the various time calculations used in astronomy. He can point	• K1A_W05	and other	
and explain the phenomena in the earth;s atmosphere that can influence astronomical observations. He			
can define the proper motion of astronomical objects. He is able to explain the methods used to assess			
the orbital parameters of solar system bodies from the astrometric measurements			
Student can solve basic problems appearing in spherical trigonometry. He is able to transform	• K1A_U01	• a written	• Class

Student can solve basic problems appearing in spherical ingonometry. He is able to transform	KIA_001	a willen	Glass
astronomical coordinates between the various coordinate systems. He is able to solve basic problems	• K1A_U05	assignment	
concerning the celestial sphere motions: calculation of the celestial objects coordinates as seen from a	• K1A_U08	<ul> <li>an evaluation test</li> </ul>	
given spot on earth at a given time.			

#### Assignment conditions

Lecture: Oral exam, passing condition - positive grade.

Class: written test - solving computational exercises; passing condition - positive grade.

Positive grade from class is needed to take part in the exam.

Final grade: average of the exam grade and the class grade (50/50).

#### Recommended reading

[1] R.M. Green, Spherical Astronomy", Cambridge University Press 1999

[2] W. M. Smart, Textbook on spherical astronomy, Cambridge University Press 1999.

# Further reading

# Notes

Modified by dr hab. Piotr Lubiński, prof. UZ (last modification: 19-02-2020 17:11)

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