Computer vision systems - course description

General information

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Course name	Computer vision systems
Course ID	11.9-WE-AutP-CVS-Er
Faculty	Faculty of Computer Science, Electrical Engineering and Automatics
Field of study	Automatic Control and Robotics
Education profile	academic
Level of studies	First-cycle Erasmus programme
Beginning semester	winter term 2022/2023

Course information

Semester	6
ECTS credits to win	3
Course type	optional
Teaching language	english
Author of syllabus	• dr hab. inż. Bartłomiej Sulikowski, prof. UZ

Classes forms

The class form	Hours per semester (full-time)	Hours per week (full-time	e) Hours per semester (part-time)	Hours per week (part-time) Form of assignment
Lecture	15	1	-	-	Credit with grade
Laboratory	30	2	-	-	Credit with grade

Aim of the course

· Familiarize students with the successive stages of the vision system (from the acquisition process to the result of the classification algorithm)

· Develop the ability to use the vision system, configure its basic parameters and use information from the system in the robot control.

Prerequisites

Basics of Robotics, Digital Signal Processing, Decision Supporting Systems

Scope

Characteristics and architecture of the video system. Camera Configurations: "Eye in the hand" and "Eye off the hand". Basic parameters of the vision system. Potential applications. Challenges and problems. Integration of the vision system with executive devices (robots). Standard tasks (pick and place, quality control, etc).

Optics: lens construction, lens parameters: focal length, brightness, abberations, distortion, vignetting. Focusing methods. Depth of field.

Acquisition of images. Range of visible light, infrared and ultraviolet bands. Photosensitivity. Parameters of sensors (resolution, dimensions and proportions). CMOS, CCD and others sensors. RGGB filters (Beyer mesh). ISO sensitivity. Exposition.

Backlighting systems: "backlight", "light-field", "diffuse-light" (axial diffuse-light). Operating modes: continuous and triggered.

Image transmition standards and protocols.

Digital representation of the image. Image file formats: RAW, TIF and JPEG. Lossy and lossless representation. Color models: RGB, CMYK, HSV, xyz and others. Conversions between color models.

Image processing. Histogram operations (normalization, alignment, stretching). Noncontext operations: arithmetic, non-linear (gamma correction). Contextual operations (filtration): lowpass filters (averaging, smoothing), high pass (sharpening, directional, detecting edges), median filter.

Morphological operations. Erosion and dilation. Closing and opening. Hit Or Miss, Top-Hat, Bottom-Hat operations. Edge extraction. Skeletonization. Morphological operations for images in shades of gray.

Methods of object segmentation. Recall. Otsu algorithm.

Basics of extraction and selection of features of objects. Basic pattern recognition methods. Template matching method.

Calibration of the camera. Location and orientation of the camera in the robot base layout.

Control of the industrial manipulator using information from the video system.

Teaching methods

Lecture: conventional lecture, discussion

Laboratory: laboratory exercises

Learning outcomes and methods of theirs verification

Outcome description

Outcome symbolsMethods of verification

Outcome description	Outcome symbolsMethods of verification	The class form
Student can perform basic operations related to image processing (from	• activity during the classes	 Lecture
pre-processing to simple pattern recognition algorithm)	an evaluation test	 Laboratory
Student is able to describe the impact of information coming out of the vision system on robot control	• an evaluation test	• Lecture
Student can configure and safely use a simple vision system	an evaluation test	Lecture
	 an observation and evaluation of activitie during the classes 	s • Laboratory
Student can characterize the vision system parameters	an evaluation test	• Lecture
		 Laboratory
Student knows and understands the impact of camera settings on the	• an evaluation test	• Lecture
acquisition process		 Laboratory
Student can name and briefly characterize the successive stages of	an evaluation test	Lecture
image processing		

Assignment conditions

Lecture - the main condition to get a pass are sufficient marks in written or oral tests conducted at least once per semester.

Laboratory - the passing condition is to obtain positive marks from all laboratory exercises to be planned during the semester.

Calculation of the final grade: lecture 50% + laboratory 50%

Recommended reading

1. P. I. Corke, Robotics, Vision and Control Fundamental Algorithms in MATLAB, Springer, 2019, www.petercorke.com (available online)

2. P. I. Corke, VISUAL CONTROL OF ROBOTS: High-Performance Visual Servoing,

- 3. B. K. P. Horn, Robot Vision, MIT Press, McGraw-Hill, 1986
- 4. R. C. Gonzales, P. Wintz, Digital Image Processing, Addison-Wesley, London, 1977.

Further reading

1. E.R. Davies, Machine Vision, Elsevier, 2005

2. D. H. Ballard, C. M. Brown, Computer Vision, Prentice-Hall, New York, 1982.

Notes

Modified by dr hab. inż. Wojciech Paszke, prof. UZ (last modification: 11-04-2022 09:05)

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