

Security engineering - course description

| General information | |
|---------------------|--|
| Course name | Security engineering |
| Course ID | 11.9-WE-INFD-SecEng-Er |
| Faculty | Faculty of Computer Science, Electrical Engineering and Automatics |
| Field of study | Computer Science |
| Education profile | academic |
| Level of studies | Second-cycle Erasmus programme |
| Beginning semester | winter term 2022/2023 |

| Course information | |
|---------------------|--|
| Semester | 1 |
| ECTS credits to win | 5 |
| Course type | obligatory |
| Teaching language | english |
| Author of syllabus | <ul style="list-style-type: none">dr hab. inż. Bartłomiej Sulikowski, prof. UZ |

| Classes forms | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| The class form | Hours per semester (full-time) | Hours per week (full-time) | Hours per semester (part-time) | Hours per week (part-time) | Form of assignment |
| Lecture | 30 | 2 | - | - | Exam |
| Laboratory | 30 | 2 | - | - | Credit with grade |

Aim of the course

- familiarizing the student with cryptographic algorithms and protocols
- development of skills in the use of information security procedures
- familiarizing the student and shaping the skills of defining and applying security policy in company

Prerequisites

Computer networks

Scope

Information Safety. Definitions. Infrastructure. Security models.

Access to the system. System access control. User access management. Range of the user responsibility. Risk estimation and management.

Security of teleinformatic systems and networks. Types of attacks. Firewalls (IDS and IPS). Physical security. Alarm systems. Protection against electro-magnetic eavesdropping - TEMPEST standard.

Security policies. The role and tasks of the security administrator.

Industrial safety.

Cryptography. Symmetric algorithms (DES, 3DES, AES, Twofish, RCx family, Serpent, Mars) and asymmetric (RSA, DH, ElGamal, EC). Cryptographic protocols. Public key cryptography. Hashing functions. Electronic signature and its verification. Certification of devices and users. PKI architecture. Other services using cryptography.

Basics of digital forensics.

Teaching methods

lecture: conventional lecture, discussion

laboratory: laboratory exercises

Learning outcomes and methods of their verification

| Outcome description | Outcome symbols | Methods of verification | The class form |
|---|-----------------|---|--|
| knows the rules for protection of classified information, in particular physical protection and electromagnetic | | <ul style="list-style-type: none">a quiz | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Lecture |
| understands the problems related to industrial security | | <ul style="list-style-type: none">a quiz | <ul style="list-style-type: none">LectureLaboratory |
| knows the characteristics of cryptographic algorithms and protocols and hashing functions | | <ul style="list-style-type: none">a quizan observation and evaluation of activities during the classes | <ul style="list-style-type: none">LectureLaboratory |

| Outcome description | Outcome symbols | Methods of verification | The class form |
|---|-----------------|--|---|
| is capable of choosing cryptosystem parameters in order to maintain prescribed functions in data protection | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a discussion • a quiz • an observation and evaluation of activities during the classes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture • Laboratory |
| has knowledge of applications and threats of electronic signature | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a quiz • an observation and evaluation of activities during the classes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laboratory |
| Student knows the structure of the protection division in the organizational unit (enterprise), understands the tasks of employees of the protection division | | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a quiz | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lecture |

Assignment conditions

Lecture - the condition for passing is to obtain positive grades from the knowledge tests in the written form, carried out at least once per semester

Laboratory - the condition to pass is the realization of at least 80% of the planned exercises

Components of the final grade = lecture: 50% + laboratory: 50%

Recommended reading

1. W. Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices, Prentice Hall, 2018
2. S. McClure et al., Hacking Exposed: Network Security Secrets and Solutions, 2012
3. B. Halton et al., Kali Linux 2: Windows Penetration Testing, Packt, 2016
4. R. Boddington, Practical Digital Forensics, Packt, 2016

Further reading

1. Kutyłowski M., Strothmann W.B.: Kryptografia. Teoria i praktyka zabezpieczania systemów komputerowych, Oficyna Wydawnicza Read ME, Warszawa, 1998.
2. Russell R. i in. : Hakerzy atakują. Jak przejąć kontrolę nad siecią, Helion, 2004.
3. Potter B., Fleck B.: 802.11. Bezpieczeństwo, Wyd. O'Reilly, 2005.
4. Balinsky A. i in.: Bezpieczeństwo sieci bezprzewodowych, PWN, CISCO Press, 2007.
5. Mochnacki W.: Kody korekcyjne i kryptografia. Oficyna Wydawnicza Politechniki Wrocławskiej, Wrocław 1997.

Notes

Modified by dr hab. inż. Bartłomiej Sulikowski, prof. UZ (last modification: 21-04-2022 12:15)

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