

Biology of nature conservation - opis przedmiotu

Informacje ogólne

Nazwa przedmiotu	Biology of nature conservation
Kod przedmiotu	13.1-WB-Biol2T-biol-S17
Wydział	Wydział Nauk Biologicznych
Kierunek	Ochrona środowiska
Profil	ogółnoakademicki
Rodzaj studiów	doktoranckie
Semestr rozpoczęcia	semestr zimowy 2018/2019

Informacje o przedmiocie

Semestr	3
Liczba punktów ECTS do zdobycia	2
Typ przedmiotu	obowiązkowy
Język nauczania	polski
Syllabus opracował	• dr hab. Joerg Boehner, prof. UZ

Formy zajęć

Forma zajęć	Liczba godzin w semestrze (stacjonarne)	Liczba godzin w tygodniu (stacjonarne)	Liczba godzin w semestrze (niestacjonarne)	Liczba godzin w tygodniu (niestacjonarne)	Forma zaliczenia
Wykład	30	2	-	-	Egzamin

Cel przedmiotu

Students should develop a sound understanding of the biological and ecological principles of nature conservation; threats to species and ecosystems; populations as the main unit in conservation; theoretical and practical instruments for biodiversity protection. They should develop a good understanding of all important terms of nature protection in English, and should be able to read and understand respective literature in English. They should be able to understand practical problems of conservation and to develop proposals to solve them.

Wymagania wstępne

Basic knowledge of ecology, as taught in an introductory course.

Zakres tematyczny

Biodiversity (species, genes, ecosystems, species richness, spatial gradients, hotspots); justifications for nature/biodiversity protection (use values and ethical values); threats (habitat loss and degradation, habitat fragmentation, pollution, overexploitation, global climate change); categories of conservation status (IUCN system, red lists, criteria); extinction of species (definition, levels, extinction rates, rarity and extinction risk); populations (description, dynamics, metapopulations); problems of small populations (extinction risk, loss of genetic diversity, inbreeding, demographic and environmental stochasticity); population viability analysis (logics, computer simulations, deterministic and stochastic simulations, reliability, tool for management decisions); ex situ conservation (studbooks, zoos and botanical gardens, genetic management of captive populations, interaction between ex and in situ conservation); reintroduction (IUCN guidelines, necessary considerations, chances of success, follow-up monitoring); protection of areas (criteria for selection, shape and size, zoning, connecting protected areas, management plans and strategies, system of protected areas in Poland).

Metody kształcenia

Lecture, multimedia presentations, computer simulations.

Efekty uczenia się i metody weryfikacji osiągania efektów uczenia się

Opis efektu	Symbol efektów	Metody weryfikacji	Forma zajęć
Understands the relation between biological sciences and other natural sciences.	• K_W01	• test	• Wykład
Is able to convey scientific knowledge (in form of lecture or essay) on a popular and elementary scientific level, in his own and one foreign language.	• K_W02 • K_W07	• test	• Wykład
Understands the need of creative and scientific work.	• K_W03	• test	• Wykład
Is able to use the own and one foreign language (e.g. English) on a level necessary to communicate with foreigners, to write articles, and to give presentations.	• K_U02	• test	• Wykład
Knows important unsolved questions in biological sciences, especially about subjects investigated on the doctoral level.	• K_U06	• test	• Wykład
Has advanced knowledge about how to use and improve methods for analyzing data, especially for studies in biological sciences.	• K_U01	• test	• Wykład

Opis efektu	Symbol efektów	Metody weryfikacji	Forma zajęć
Can effectively apply mathematical and statistical methods in biological sciences.	• K_K02	• test	• Wykład
Has a comprehensive understanding of physical facts with regard to biological sciences.	• K_K01	• test	• Wykład
Can communicate on an advanced level about biological sciences in at least one foreign language (e.g. English).	• K_U08	• test	• Wykład

Warunki zaliczenia

Written test (multiple choice questions) at the end of the course, about the lecture's subjects. Grades depend on the percent of correctly answered questions: 50-59% = 3.0, 60-69% = 3.5, 70-79% = 4.0, 80-89% = 4.5, 90% or more = 5.0.

Literatura podstawowa

- Primack, R.B. (2010): Essentials of Conservation Biology (5th edition). Sinauer Associates.
- Van Dyke, F. (2008): Conservation Biology (2nd edition). Springer.
- Sutherland, W.J. & D.A. Hill (2009): Managing Habitats for Conservation (10th edition). Cambridge University Press.
- Pullin, A. S. (2012): Biologiczne Podstawy Ochrony Przyrody. PWN.

Literatura uzupełniająca

Selected articles from scientific journals.

Uwagi

Zmodyfikowane przez dr Olaf Ciebiera (ostatnia modyfikacja: 30-05-2018 14:48)

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